## HUMAN SCIENCES RESEARCH COUNCIL

## Remuneration of graduates



# Remuneration of graduates 

as on 1 October 2000

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ISBN: 0796919909

Human Sciences Research Council
Group: Labour Market Analysis
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## HSRC Publishers

Private Bag X41
0001 Pretoria

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## ABSTRACT

The Human Sciences Research Council has undertaken regular surveys since 1971 to monitor the income of graduates. This is the fourteenth survey in the series. About 200000 questionnaires were mailed to graduates of which 12902 were returned. This represents a response rate of $6,4 \%$. This report reflects the income of 10049 graduates in approximately 150 occupations as at 1 October 2000. Employees in the public and private sectors are distinguished from self-employed persons. In addition to occupation and employer sector, the income is analysed according to years of work experience, working hours and age. The survey revealed that the median income package of self-employed persons was R235 746 per annum. In comparison with this, employees in the public sector earned R145415 and employees in the private sector earned R221 000.

## REMUNERATION OF GRADUATES 2000

## 1. BACKGROUND AND AIM

Remuneration is a key issue, both influencing and influenced by the flow of human resources in any country. In today's South Africa, this is particularly evident as the new employment equity legislation is applied. Regular surveys are necessary to monitor these changing patterns.

Since 1971 the HSRC has undertaken regular surveys of the occupational incomes of graduates. This is the fourteenth survey in the series. The aim of this report is to analyse and reflect the occupational income of graduates as at 1 October 2000.

The information is widely used by career guidance teachers, counsellors and prospective students to determine the profitability of careers. Tertiary education planners use the information to evaluate the financial returns on tertiary education in specific fields of study. Employers and human resources managers find it very useful in compiling income packages. It also provides a basis for salary negotiations in the case of employees and employee organisations. Furthermore legal practitioners and actuaries use the information to establish the potential lifetime earnings of people for third-party claim purposes.

## 2. SURVEY GROUP AND QUESTIONNAIRE

The most comprehensive source of names and addresses of graduates residing in South Africa is the HSRC Register of Graduates. The Register contains information on more than 500000 graduates. The information was obtained from universities and individuals. The Register was maintained by the HSRC, although this function has now being taken over by the South African Qualifications Authority (SAQA). The HSRC continuously updated existing records (using information obtained from graduates as well as universities), removed obsolete records (such as those of deceased persons) and added information on new graduates. Details such as population group, gender, date of birth, postal address, and educational qualifications (level, field of study, institution where the qualification was obtained and year awarded) were recorded in the Register.

During November and December 2000 postal questionnaires were sent to 200081 graduates on the Register. In total, 12902 completed questionnaires were returned. This represents a total response rate of $6,4 \%$. Table 1 provides more information on the composition of the survey and respondent group.

The following information (as on 1 October 2000) was obtained to supplement existing information on the Register: the respondent's occupation, years of work experience, employer, work status, changes in work status, number of hours and weeks spent on occupational activities, staff complement of organisation, employment level, geographical area, as well as salary and the financial value of fringe benefits.

TABLE 1
COMPOSITION OF THE SURVEY AND RESPONDENT GROUP


The respondents' anonymity was protected throughout and at no time was a respondent's name linked to a completed questionnaire. The analyses in this report are also presented in such a way that the anonymity of individuals is safeguarded. For example, analyses for categories with less than ten persons are not given.

The active participants of the Register made up almost $50 \%$ of the graduate population of South Africa. The particulars of persons who did not take part in the survey would therefore have to differ dramatically from those of the respondent group to result in the Register being unsuitable for the purpose of this survey.

Throughout the years response rates declined dramatically. This can be ascribed to the postal service system, overloading of the target group with requests, and a lack of interest to respond if there was nothing in return. In fact, the response rate of this particular survey has dropped to such an extent that the HSRC will no longer conduct postal surveys of this nature.

On statistical grounds the sample for this survey cannot be regarded as a representative sample. Therefore users of the data should use it with caution. The findings of this survey merely give an indication of what people in different occupations earn.

## 3. EXPLANATORY REMARKS

The following explanatory remarks are necessary for the interpretation of the data:

### 3.1 Remuneration

Respondents were asked to indicate the financial remuneration (before any tax or other deductions) received from the following sources as a result of the direct pursuit of their occupation:

### 3.1.1 Salary

- Basic salary/income: With regard to employees, basic salary refers to the gross salary received before any deductions. In the case of self-employed persons, income includes the net income from the direct pursuit of the occupation prior to taxation.
- Overtime or related salaried work done after hours.
- Commission earned.
- Profit from own business if self-employed.
- Profit sharing, trade or production bonus.
- Cash bonus, e.g., 13th cheque, service or holiday bonus.


### 3.1.2 Fringe benefits

The cash value of fringe benefits was taken into consideration in determining the income package. In the questionnaire, respondents were asked to indicate on a list of fringe benefits whether or not they received such benefits and, if they did, what they considered the average annual value of such benefits to be.

The following fringe benefits were identified and included in the package:

- Pension - refers to the employer's contribution to a pension or endowment fund.
- Medical - refers to the employer's contribution to a medical fund.
- Motor vehicle allowance - refers to the estimated cash value of a company or subsidised vehicle for private use as well as any transport or petrol allowance.
- Entertainment allowance.
- Housing - refers to a housing subsidy received from an employer or the cash value of a lower (subsidised) interest rate or housing or lodging at a low rental, low tariff or free. In the latter case respondents were asked to indicate the difference between the normal tariff and the actual amount paid.
- Other fringe benefits such as employer's contribution towards clothing, telephone, insurance premiums, study aid, subsidised purchases and cafeteria facilities.


### 3.1.3 Package

Package refers to the total income package. It is the salary plus fringe benefits from the above sources. To calculate this, the salary and financial value of fringe benefits of only the respondents who answered the question on fringe benefits were taken into account. The number of persons in the salary and package columns may differ because those who did not answer the fringe benefits question or indicated that they received the benefit but did not give a cash value, were not included in calculating the median of the income package.

Some people provided only a portion of their salary. In calculating the median salary these doubtful cases were not taken into account. However, they were included in calculating the median of the package when the value of the total package was indicated.

### 3.2 Percentile value

Salary and income package figures are indicated by means of percentile values. The percentile values $25,50(\mathrm{Me})$ and 75 are used in the tables. The percentile value 25 , also called the first quartile value, indicates the point where $25 \%$ of a specific group of persons receive less and $75 \%$ receive
more than the income indicated. The fiftieth percentile value, also called the median (Me), indicates the point where $50 \%$ of a group receive less and $50 \%$ receive more than the income indicated. For the purpose of analysing income levels, the median value is regarded as a better index than the arithmetic mean as it is less sensitive to extremely high or extremely low income values.

For example, if the percentile values of self-employed medical practitioners in Table 4 are indicated as R120 000 (25\%), R200 000 (Me) and R300 $000(75 \%)$ per annum, this means (a) that $50 \%$ of the medical practitioners earn less and $50 \%$ earn more than R200 000 per annum, (b) that $50 \%$ (difference between $25 \%$ and $75 \%$ ) of the doctors indicated that they earn between R120 000 and R300 000 per annum and (c) that $25 \%$ of the doctors (or one out of every four persons) earn more than R300 000 per annum.

### 3.3 Occupation

Respondents were requested to indicate (on a list) the occupation they were practising (or the one to which they devoted most of their time) as at 1 October 2000. A functional description of the occupation was also requested.

The occupational titles indicated by the respondents were used to classify them according to occupational categories. This means that a lecturer or a manager with an engineering qualification was not classified as an engineer, but rather as a lecturer or manager respectively.

The Standard Occupational Classification ${ }^{I}$ was used as a base to classify the occupations and to group them into unit and major groups.
To assist in tracing occupations in the tables, an alphabetical list of occupations is provided in the index.

### 3.4 Employer sector

Three main employer categories, namely, public sector, private sector and self-employed, were distinguished in the analyses. The respondents were asked to choose the employer where they practised their occupations from the following:
(a) Employees in the public sector

The following employer sectors jointly form the public sector:

- Government: people employed by central government or provincial administrations.
- Regional or local authorities (e.g., metropolitan or town councils).
- Universities and technikons.
- Other semi-government: employees of government-controlled or government-aided organisations, e.g., HSRC, CSIR, control boards, SABS.
${ }^{1}$ Central Statistical Service 1986. Pretoria.
Standard Classification of Occupations. Report 09-90-01.


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(b) Employees in the private sector

The following employer categories are included in this sector:

- Public corporations (e.g., SABC, ESCOM, ARMSCOR, Rand Water Board).
- Professional practices (e.g., those of auditors, attorneys).
- Business enterprises (e.g., close corporations or companies).
- Statutory councils (e.g., IDC, ECSA, OROR, SAMDC).
- Non-government Organisations (NGOs) in the private sector without profit motive (e.g., churches, welfare organisations, trade unions).
(c) Self-employed persons

This sector refers to people who work for themselves and includes (1) partners in professional concerns and/or (2) directors of a personal private practice, concern or business.

### 3.5 Geographical distribution

Respondents were requested to select the location of their workplaces from the following:

- Johannesburg (includes Lenasia, Randburg, Sandton, Midrand and Soweto)
- Pretoria (includes Centurion, Mamelodi, Laudium, Atteridgeville, Soshanguve, Wonderboom and Rosslyn)
- Rest of Gauteng
- Mpumalanga
- Northern Province
- North West
- Durban, Pinetown (includes Amanzimtoti and Isipingo)
- Rest of KwaZulu-Natal (includes Pietermaritzburg)
- Eastern Cape
- Cape Town (includes Bellville and Kuils River)
- Rest of the Western Cape
- Northern Cape
- Free State

The postal codes of the postal addresses of respondents were used to group respondents who did not answer this question.

### 3.6 Post level

Respondents indicated the post level at which they functioned in their occupation. The following levels were identified:

- trainee/intern/articled clerk
- junior level
- middle level
- senior level
- top level


### 3.7 Age and years of work experience

When comparing income it is important to take the effect of years of work experience into account. Respondents were asked to indicate their date of birth and the number of years of working experience since entering the labour market, irrespective of employer, occupation or rank (vacation work and military service excluded).

### 3.8 Employment status and working hours

People working full time usually earn substantially more than part-time workers. Respondents were therefore asked to indicate whether they practised their occupations on a full-time or part-time basis. They were also requested to indicate whether they occupied the post permanently or temporarily. In addition to this, the number of hours people devote to the pursuit of their occupations also has an effect on their income. Respondents were therefore also asked to indicate the number of hours per week (i.e. office hours, overtime and after hours) normally devoted to occupational activities. Since leave also affects time spent on the specific career, respondents were asked to indicate the number of working weeks per annum normally devoted to occupational activities. By using the indicated working hours and working weeks, the actual time devoted to the occupation in a week, was calculated as follows:
$\left\{\frac{\text { hours } \mathrm{x} \text { working weeks }}{52}\right\}$
Working hours were used to classify people as working full time or part time in the cases where individuals did not indicate their employment status. The tables reflect the income of graduates working full time (permanent as well as temporary) only.

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### 3.9 Staff complement

Respondents were requested to indicate the number of people employed in the company, organisation, private practice or business concern where they worked.

## 4. ANALYSES AND FINDINGS

As mentioned previously, 12902 graduates participated in this survey. The 809 respondents that worked part time were not included in the analyses. 1922 (or $15 \%$ ) of the respondents indicated that they were not economically active and thus received no or very little income. Another group excluded from the analyses consisted of 103 economically active persons who did not answer the question about their income and 19 people who had emigrated or were working abroad. The analyses in this report are therefore based on the 10049 respondents who worked full time and indicated a positive income.

The results of the survey appear in Tables 2 to 4 . The tables and Figure 1 are mostly self-explanatory and are not discussed in detail.
Thirty-eight percent of the economically active graduates who took part in the survey were employed in the public sector, $38 \%$ were employed in the private sector, while $24 \%$ were self-employed. Figure 1 reflects the percentage distribution and income of graduates working full time according to employer.

When comparing the income of the different categories it is important that working experience (and related age) and the number of hours worked be kept in mind. This information is therefore also shown in the tables. For example, employees in the public sector usually have more working experience than their counterparts in the private sector. Self-employed persons usually have more experience and work longer hours than employees.

Categories with less than ten persons are not shown in the tables to ensure that the income figures indicated are based on information received from a reasonable number of respondents. The information on these categories was, however, included in the calculations of subtotals of the income figures for the broader occupational groups.

It will be noticed that all the occupations are not analysed according to all the variables. The main reason for this is that the number of persons in certain categories is too small with the result that meaningful analyses of those groups were not possible.

Tables 2 to 4 reflect the income of graduates working full time according to employer sector and occupation. Separate tables are given for public sector (Table 2), private sector (Table 3), and self-employed sector (Table 4).

FIGURE 1: MEDIAN INCOME AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF GRADUATES WORKING FULL TIME ACCORDING TO EMPLOYER


TABLE 2
MEDIAN INCOME OF GRADUATES WORKING FULL TIME AS EMPLOYEES IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR ACCORDING TO OCCUPATION

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| ENGINEER, ARCHITECT AND RELATED | 44 | 19 | 40 | 221 | 129424 | 155856 | 193750 | 213 | 238000 |
| ENGINEER | 46 | 21 | 40 | 167 | 134804 | 158500 | 198528 | 161 | 247000 |
| Electrical engineer and related | 40 | 15 | 43 | 46 | 135750 | 158270 | 230169 | 42 | 247570 |
| Electrical engineer | 40 | 15 | 43 | 46 | 135750 | 158270 | 230169 | 42 | 247570 |
| Mechanical engineer | 44 | 19 | 40 | 18 | 131000 | 163688 | 212474 | 18 | 236580 |
| Civil engineer | 51 | 27 | 40 | 73 | 141000 | 165000 | 196650 | 71 | 255952 |
| ARCHITECT AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 13 | 40 | 54 | 121185 | 148850 | 174483 | 52 | 214872 |
| Town and regional planner | 35 | 10 | 40 | 36 | 110700 | 139474 | 167748 | 34 | 197633 |
| NATURAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 40 | 14 | 40 | 274 | 80000 | 106958 | 139733 | 255 | 150000 |
| PHYSICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 37 | 12 | 39 | 11 | 80000 | 99558 | 120000 | 11 | 138000 |
| Physicist | 38 | 14 | 39 | 10 | 86000 | 99779 | 124125 | 10 | 146966 |
| GEOLOGICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 43 | 20 | 40 | 17 | 97820 | 114360 | 184779 | 16 | 208991 |
| Geologist | 49 | 29 | 40 | 15 | 99180 | 124000 | 189557 | 14 | 237671 |
| MATHEMATICAL AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 41 | 15 | 40 | 15 | 100000 | 130000 | 147573 | 14 | 163826 |
| Statistician | 40 | 15 | 40 | 12 | 83673 | 131000 | 145030 | 11 | 160000 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 14 | 40 | 34 | 87016 | 110670 | 150609 | 31 | 160000 |
| Computer Science B71occupations n.e.c. | 39 | 16 | 40 | 21 | 96474 | 130000 | 167491 | 19 | 178200 |
| CHEMICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 41 | 15 | 40 | 25 | 92500 | 130000 | 192654 | 22 | 158334 |
| Chemist | 43 | 18 | 40 | 16 | 101235 | 131404 | 211410 | 14 | 206100 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 39 | 13 | 40 | 73 | 82750 | 107889 | 143860 | 67 | 150000 |
| Zoologist | 42 | 15 | 43 | 14 | 93456 | 109317 | 150957 | 12 | 153461 |
| Botanist | 50 | 21 | 38 | 14 | 73000 | 103632 | 160680 | 12 | 120223 |
| Environmental scientist | 36 | 10 | 41 | 27 | 91723 | 128000 | 146000 | 26 | 154094 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  | PAC | AGE |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified $\quad$ A $=$ Median age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median y ears experience | $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median | $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PUBLIC SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FOOD SCIENCE | 42 | 14 | 40 | 76 | 74109 | 104128 | 130750 | 73 | 145040 |
| Agricultural occupations | 41 | 13 | 40 | 62 | 74109 | 106958 | 132000 | 60 | 144845 |
| Agriculturist | 41 | 13 | 40 | 61 | 74109 | 106956 | 131000 | 59 | 144650 |
| NATURAL SCIENCE TECHNICIANS | 37 | 12 | 40 | 23 | 59407 | 70580 | 101416 | 21 | 114000 |
| Agricultural technician | 37 | 11 | 40 | 22 | 58030 | 71551 | 102762 | 20 | 109751 |
| MEDICAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS | 42 | 18 | 40 | 495 | 83000 | 99500 | 150000 | 404 | 139821 |
| MEDICAL OCCUPATIONS | 41 | 14 | 54 | 186 | 99793 | 146154 | 194894 | 167 | 218000 |
| Medical practitioner | 32 | 7 | 55 | 72 | 94700 | 120000 | 144993 | 64 | 178018 |
| General medical practitioner | 32 | 5 | 55 | 60 | 93924 | 120000 | 145743 | 52 | 168900 |
| Clinical assistant | 35 | 8 | 56 | 12 | 113066 | 120755 | 144993 | 12 | 191093 |
| Medical specialist | 49 | 24 | 50 | 107 | 140000 | 187113 | 220000 | 97 | 290000 |
| DENTAL OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 14 | 40 | 12 | 83379 | 100307 | 189366 | 8 | 175259 |
| VETERINARY OCCUPATIONS | 45 | 19 | 45 | 24 | 133746 | 163212 | 178621 | 23 | 214177 |
| Veterinary surgeon | 45 | 19 | 45 | 24 | 133746 | 163212 | 178621 | 23 | 214177 |
| PHARMACEUTICAL OCCUPATIONS | 44 | 18 | 40 | 40 | 97500 | 99558 | 126317 | 33 | 122933 |
| Pharmacist | 45 | 19 | 40 | 38 | 98500 | 99779 | 129500 | 31 | 122933 |
| SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL OCCUPATIONS | 32 | 8 | 38 | 41 | 63240 | 70900 | 83379 | 34 | 87053 |
| Physiotherapist | 33 | 9 | 37 | 34 | 63339 | 70904 | 83379 | 29 | 85735 |
| NURSING OCCUPATIONS | 47 | 21 | 40 | 158 | 79000 | 83379 | 92068 | 111 | 101268 |
| Nursing administrator | 47 | 21 | 40 | 56 | 83000 | 87675 | 110038 | 39 | 114084 |
| Nursing tutor | 50 | 28 | 37 | 33 | 78646 | 83379 | 103647 | 24 | 101110 |
| Professional nurse | 42 | 20 | 40 | 69 | 73083 | 83379 | 83379 | 48 | 91106 |
| HEALTH SERVICES OCCUPATIONS N.E.C. | 34 | 10 | 40 | 34 | 63026 | 83379 | 113645 | 28 | 117278 |
| Dietician | 32 | 7 | 38 | 25 | 55497 | 78732 | 95364 | 21 | 103439 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  | A = Median age |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PUBLIC SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| EDUCATION AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 43 | 18 | 35 | 1491 | 74360 | 95784 | 125061 | 1190 | 119845 |
| PRINCIPAL / INSPECTOR OF EDUCATION | 47 | 23 | 35 | 243 | 103920 | 117984 | 133434 | 187 | 145400 |
| Principal / Vice-principal (teacher training college) | 49 | 26 | 31 | 10 | 86700 | 116567 | 141475 | 10 | 145251 |
| Principal (teachers training college) | 49 | 26 | 31 | 10 | 86700 | 116567 | 141475 | 10 | 145251 |
| Principal / Vice-principal (school, technical college) | 46 | 22 | 35 | 211 | 103920 | 115092 | 127827 | 160 | 143685 |
| Principal (school, technical college, etc.) | 46 | 22 | 35 | 211 | 103920 | 115092 | 127827 | 160 | 143685 |
| Inspector / Superintendent of education | 49 | 24 | 40 | 22 | 129104 | 150364 | 156075 | 17 | 172911 |
| LECTURER | 46 | 21 | 37 | 448 | 103920 | 130415 | 168413 | 405 | 168506 |
| Dean / Head of faculty | 50 | 30 | 40 | 33 | 175176 | 197000 | 227000 | 31 | 262000 |
| Lecturer (university, technikon) | 46 | 21 | 37 | 352 | 112008 | 134934 | 165866 | 322 | 171853 |
| Lecturer (university, technikon) - permanent | 47 | 21 | 37 | 329 | 113880 | 137430 | 168755 | 300 | 177654 |
| Lecturer (university, technikon) - temporary | 30 | 5 | 35 | 23 | 52000 | 77742 | 132000 | 22 | 95006 |
| Lecturer (teachers training college) | 44 | 18 | 33 | 60 | 83930 | 95892 | 108450 | 50 | 112447 |
| TEACHER | 40 | 15 | 32 | 725 | 67560 | 77000 | 89559 | 538 | 91592 |
| Teacher - permanent (including head of department) | 40 | 15 | 32 | 671 | 67560 | 78789 | 90000 | 491 | 93000 |
| Teacher - permanent | 40 | 15 | 32 | 671 | 67560 | 78789 | 90000 | 491 | 93000 |
| Teacher - temporary (including head of department) | 33 | 7 | 32 | 54 | 52100 | 63438 | 72000 | 47 | 67560 |
| Teacher-temporary | 33 | 7 | 32 | 54 | 52100 | 63438 | 72000 | 47 | 67560 |
| EDUCATION OCCUPATIONS N.E.C. | 46 | 20 | 39 | 75 | 98040 | 111360 | 140000 | 60 | 146208 |
| Educational advisor / consultant | 43 | 20 | 38 | 10 | 92349 | 100191 | 109286 | 8 | 129329 |
| Education specialist | 46 | 22 | 40 | 52 | 100646 | 121700 | 140608 | 43 | 151213 |
| Educational officer | 46 | 19 | 36 | 12 | 67500 | 117781 | 137642 | 8 | 147234 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION |  | DIAN |  |  | BASIC | SALARY |  | PAC | AGE |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified A $=$ Median age <br> H $=$ Median hours worked per week $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 <br> $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEES: PUBLIC SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| HUMANITIES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 14 | 40 | 563 | 79000 | 104554 | 167157 | 503 | 142384 |
| LEGAL OCCUPATIONS | 39 | 15 | 40 | 127 | 90609 | 179304 | 202000 | 104 | 218916 |
| Magistrate | 47 | 24 | 40 | 37 | 179304 | 190608 | 218916 | 28 | 224626 |
| Public prosecutor | 33 | 9 | 40 | 28 | 73000 | 94634 | 165250 | 22 | 111615 |
| Attorney | 44 | 18 | 40 | 10 | 72888 | 147000 | 203930 | 8 | 191400 |
| Legal occupations, n.e.c. | 39 | 15 | 39 | 35 | 74238 | 156000 | 195000 | 30 | 227051 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 13 | 40 | 114 | 67137 | 83379 | 95390 | 94 | 102175 |
| Psychologist | 41 | 18 | 42 | 28 | 83784 | 113617 | 164368 | 25 | 130000 |
| Social worker supervis or | 42 | 18 | 40 | 21 | 83190 | 84000 | 104779 | 16 | 114103 |
| Social worker | 35 | 11 | 38 | 53 | 58151 | 76000 | 83379 | 42 | 85387 |
| PERSONNEL AND MANAGEMENT SERVICES | 38 | 12 | 40 | 74 | 79447 | 97962 | 129999 | 68 | 136421 |
| Public relations occupations | 31 | 6 | 41 | 10 | 54725 | 62316 | 79278 | 8 | 74098 |
| HR development occupations | 41 | 8 | 38 | 14 | 72000 | 97776 | 108110 | 11 | 145409 |
| HR / personnel officer, consultant | 38 | 14 | 40 | 36 | 83746 | 99845 | 124983 | 35 | 134841 |
| ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL OCCUPATIONS | 35 | 12 | 40 | 114 | 94473 | 124551 | 167950 | 113 | 181379 |
| Chartered accountant | 35 | 13 | 40 | 16 | 201438 | 278146 | 316000 | 16 | 328502 |
| Accountant (not CA) | 37 | 13 | 40 | 50 | 88500 | 120300 | 150000 | 49 | 181379 |
| Auditor | 34 | 10 | 40 | 21 | 96700 | 120000 | 137112 | 22 | 163366 |
| Accounting and financial n.e.c. | 36 | 12 | 40 | 25 | 88700 | 110000 | 146635 | 24 | 146836 |
| ECONOMIC OCCUPATIONS | 40 | 13 | 40 | 35 | 95000 | 132000 | 224673 | 35 | 205000 |
| Economist and related occupations | 40 | 13 | 40 | 35 | 95000 | 132000 | 224673 | 35 | 205000 |
| Economist | 43 | 17 | 40 | 19 | 87851 | 178154 | 260000 | 20 | 279989 |
| Economist n.e.c. | 38 | 13 | 40 | 16 | 105363 | 124200 | 162709 | 15 | 182748 |
| HUMANITIES AND RELATED N.E.C. | 42 | 16 | 40 | 93 | 71922 | 92472 | 123849 | 83 | 120631 |
| Librarian / Information officer | 43 | 17 | 40 | 69 | 72432 | 99780 | 123849 | 62 | 126867 |
| Human sciences researcher | 28 | 4 | 36 | 10 | 65941 | 85931 | 115950 | 9 | 105700 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based <br> $\mathrm{E}=$ Median y ears experience <br> $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified <br> $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week <br> $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  | P = Perce | le value of |  |  |

TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PUBLIC SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE OCCUPATIONS | 47 | 24 | 41 | 269 | 131500 | 170604 | 203064 | 242 | 234819 |
| EXECUTIVES: PUBLIC SECTOR | 47 | 24 | 41 | 265 | 130500 | 170604 | 201642 | 240 | 234819 |
| Director / Deputy / Assistant director | 47 | 24 | 41 | 239 | 132132 | 172000 | 198429 | 217 | 230100 |
| Chief or executive director | 50 | 28 | 50 | 12 | 243934 | 305167 | 378875 | 11 | 425023 |
| Director | 49 | 26 | 44 | 66 | 193777 | 208184 | 236676 | 65 | 348000 |
| Deputy director | 48 | 24 | 40 | 91 | 144987 | 172369 | 177000 | 82 | 223341 |
| Assistant director | 42 | 20 | 40 | 69 | 99558 | 124000 | 129633 | 58 | 153513 |
| Town clerk or treasurer | 48 | 26 | 40 | 15 | 119000 | 150000 | 201156 | 13 | 273691 |
| MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS | 45 | 20 | 43 | 128 | 124067 | 175105 | 240820 | 126 | 286304 |
| TOP MANAGEMENT | 45 | 22 | 38 | 12 | 197078 | 281000 | 405254 | 15 | 454580 |
| MANAGER: ADMINISTRATIVE AND RELATED | 43 | 20 | 40 | 34 | 118284 | 171358 | 225000 | 34 | 278000 |
| Manager: Human Resources | 38 | 15 | 40 | 13 | 122890 | 160000 | 250589 | 14 | 248584 |
| Manager: Financial and related | 47 | 25 | 45 | 10 | 181725 | 202300 | 277371 | 10 | 320679 |
| MANAGER: TECHNICAL AND RELATED | 45 | 22 | 44 | 28 | 132249 | 177574 | 215855 | 27 | 275700 |
| MANAGER: COMMERCE AND DIVERSE SERVICES | 45 | 19 | 44 | 28 | 92625 | 144972 | 190000 | 25 | 197028 |
| Hospital director / Superintendent | 39 | 10 | 55 | 18 | 119309 | 144972 | 175908 | 17 | 200000 |
| MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS N.E.C. | 47 | 22 | 40 | 21 | 125634 | 180000 | 308500 | 21 | 305000 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS (managerial level) | 42 | 20 | 42 | 17 | 122133 | 145764 | 191938 | 18 | 227750 |
| CLERICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS | 35 | 10 | 40 | 116 | 51651 | 70264 | 84960 | 100 | 94037 |
| Administrative officer | 36 | 11 | 40 | 71 | 60830 | 79452 | 92472 | 62 | 104639 |
| Administrative assistant, clerk | 33 | 8 | 37 | 28 | 33713 | 52594 | 70449 | 21 | 70418 |
| PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS | 36 | 13 | 40 | 59 | 67137 | 83379 | 134970 | 53 | 95800 |
| Defence occupations | 38 | 14 | 40 | 23 | 83000 | 103000 | 155856 | 23 | 133122 |
| Nat. Defence Force (Captain and lower) | 38 | 14 | 40 | 23 | 83000 | 103000 | 155856 | 23 | 133122 |
| Police officer | 36 | 13 | 40 | 25 | 67071 | 77988 | 106500 | 22 | 88695 |
| Police officer (Captain and lower) | 36 | 13 | 40 | 25 | 67071 | 77988 | 106500 | 22 | 88695 |
| TOTAL | 42 | 18 | 40 | 3648 | 79338 | 106038 | 149975 | 3116 | 145415 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION |  | EDIA |  |  | BASI | SALARY |  | P | CKAGE |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based |  | e.c. $=$ | t els | classif |  | = Median |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  | $=\mathrm{M}$ | an ho | orked p | week | $\mathrm{P}=$ Percen | le value of |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  | $\mathrm{P}=$ | rcent | ue of 75 |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3
MEDIAN INCOME OF GRADUATES WORKING FULL TIMEAS EMPLOYEES IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR, ACCORDING TO OCCUPATION

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| ENGINEER, ARCHITECT AND RELATED | 36 | 11 | 43 | 366 | 119000 | 164000 | 240096 | 363 | 246000 |
| ENGINEER | 37 | 12 | 43 | 311 | 124000 | 170000 | 250000 | 308 | 259239 |
| Industrial engineer | 29 | 7 | 48 | 15 | 142490 | 182500 | 275000 | 15 | 273600 |
| Chemical engineer | 31 | 7 | 42 | 30 | 119276 | 157850 | 225750 | 31 | 264363 |
| Electrical engineer and related | 38 | 13 | 45 | 75 | 130000 | 200000 | 290724 | 74 | 282080 |
| Electrical engineer | 38 | 13 | 45 | 75 | 130000 | 200000 | 290724 | 74 | 282080 |
| Mechanical engineer | 36 | 9 | 42 | 58 | 136530 | 179490 | 250000 | 57 | 272500 |
| Metallurgical engineer | 33 | 10 | 45 | 20 | 145050 | 192500 | 304050 | 20 | 291967 |
| Mining engineer | 40 | 17 | 58 | 14 | 266749 | 426000 | 562500 | 14 | 527250 |
| Civil engineer | 40 | 16 | 42 | 74 | 110394 | 160994 | 210000 | 74 | 218800 |
| ARCHITECT AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 33 | 8 | 40 | 55 | 80000 | 110436 | 164000 | 55 | 154400 |
| Architect | 32 | 6 | 40 | 21 | 69600 | 110436 | 157640 | 20 | 161700 |
| Quantity surveyor | 39 | 15 | 41 | 25 | 91000 | 129252 | 213000 | 26 | 205749 |
| NATURAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 34 | 10 | 40 | 434 | 114000 | 164700 | 233250 | 417 | 231250 |
| GEOLOGICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 38 | 11 | 42 | 41 | 130000 | 180000 | 261481 | 39 | 272600 |
| Geologist | 38 | 11 | 42 | 41 | 130000 | 180000 | 261481 | 39 | 272600 |
| MATHEMATICAL AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 32 | 9 | 43 | 37 | 164955 | 212000 | 340000 | 36 | 318000 |
| Actuary | 32 | 8 | 44 | 30 | 172125 | 223000 | 381885 | 30 | 336500 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 33 | 9 | 40 | 220 | 120000 | 183000 | 240000 | 215 | 240000 |
| Computer programmer | 32 | 6 | 38 | 11 | 65448 | 100000 | 192000 | 11 | 117400 |
| Network specialist or administrator | 33 | 14 | 48 | 11 | 114000 | 168584 | 258000 | 11 | 238500 |
| Computer systems analyst and related | 32 | 8 | 40 | 64 | 133000 | 171250 | 207750 | 63 | 217872 |
| Computer systems analyst | 34 | 11 | 40 | 18 | 133274 | 186250 | 236400 | 18 | 260745 |
| Computer systems programmer and computer analyst | 32 | 8 | 40 | 38 | 132000 | 165000 | 197250 | 37 | 216480 |
| Computer science occupations n.e.c. | 34 | 12 | 40 | 134 | 120000 | 208500 | 264100 | 130 | 251500 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION |  | EDIA |  |  | BAS | SALARY |  |  | KKAGE |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based |  | .c. $=$ | ot els | assifi |  | = Median |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  | $=\mathrm{M}$ | ian h | ed per |  | $\mathrm{P}=$ Percen | value of |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  | $\mathrm{P}=$ | rcent | f 75 |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PRIVATE SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| CHEMICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 34 | 7 | 40 | 21 | 100614 | 139200 | 181000 | 19 | 175600 |
| Chemist | 36 | 12 | 40 | 19 | 105120 | 139200 | 190000 | 19 | 175600 |
| BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 34 | 10 | 41 | 46 | 78516 | 122500 | 179857 | 43 | 190000 |
| Environmental scientist | 33 | 7 | 40 | 26 | 93876 | 126500 | 200336 | 24 | 203898 |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FOOD SCIENCE | 36 | 11 | 44 | 65 | 82000 | 125000 | 164200 | 63 | 189960 |
| Agricultural occupations | 36 | 11 | 42 | 44 | 87410 | 125500 | 162075 | 43 | 201500 |
| Agriculturist | 38 | 13 | 45 | 34 | 112350 | 133698 | 164250 | 34 | 220850 |
| MEDICAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS | 37 | 13 | 42 | 299 | 74000 | 100008 | 144000 | 270 | 126838 |
| MEDICAL OCCUPATIONS | 45 | 22 | 48 | 40 | 131565 | 210000 | 300000 | 40 | 312500 |
| Medical practitioner | 45 | 23 | 49 | 24 | 120000 | 224000 | 291000 | 25 | 294000 |
| Medical specialist | 45 | 19 | 46 | 16 | 162945 | 200000 | 323040 | 15 | 320000 |
| DENTAL OCCUPATIONS | 34 | 8 | 40 | 15 | 54000 | 86400 | 200000 | 13 | 100000 |
| VETERINARY OCCUPATIONS | 34 | 9 | 44 | 18 | 100500 | 157000 | 224100 | 18 | 228450 |
| Veterinary surgeon | 34 | 9 | 44 | 18 | 100500 | 157000 | 224100 | 18 | 228450 |
| PHARMACEUTICAL OCCUPATIONS | 39 | 13 | 45 | 96 | 94200 | 120000 | 144000 | 81 | 149000 |
| Pharmacist | 39 | 13 | 45 | 95 | 96000 | 120000 | 144000 | 80 | 149006 |
| SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL OCCUPATIONS | 28 | 4 | 40 | 29 | 54600 | 63600 | 84392 | 30 | 73200 |
| Physiotherapist | 27 | 4 | 40 | 26 | 53220 | 61800 | 84088 | 29 | 74400 |
| NURSING OCCUPATIONS | 41 | 20 | 40 | 75 | 60000 | 86000 | 104000 | 64 | 100900 |
| Nursing administrator | 44 | 22 | 40 | 23 | 92222 | 96500 | 125940 | 18 | 141680 |
| Professional nurse | 40 | 17 | 40 | 47 | 56827 | 72000 | 94560 | 42 | 88815 |
| HEALTH SERVICES OCCUPATIONS N.E.C. | 30 | 6 | 41 | 26 | 60000 | 89278 | 110000 | 24 | 127715 |
| Dietician | 30 | 7 | 40 | 11 | 48000 | 60000 | 99600 | 9 | 73940 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION |  | EDI |  |  | BAS | SALAR |  |  | KAGE |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based |  | .c. = | ot els | ssified |  | Median age |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  | $=\mathrm{Me}$ | an ho | per |  | $\mathrm{P}=$ Percen | value of 2 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  | $\mathrm{P}=$ | rcent |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PRIVATE SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| EDUCATION AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 43 | 17 | 35 | 127 | 60000 | 81000 | 119232 | 106 | 102974 |
| PRINCIPAL / INSPECTOR OF EDUCATION | 52 | 26 | 39 | 15 | 75000 | 130000 | 154000 | 12 | 149545 |
| Principal / Vice - principal (school, technical college) | 52 | 26 | 39 | 15 | 75000 | 130000 | 154000 | 12 | 149545 |
| TEACHER | 42 | 16 | 35 | 97 | 49624 | 78000 | 100331 | 80 | 92150 |
| Teacher - permanent (including head of department) | 42 | 16 | 35 | 82 | 63591 | 80766 | 106809 | 68 | 100000 |
| Teacher - permanent | 42 | 16 | 35 | 76 | 64453 | 80766 | 105740 | 64 | 100000 |
| Teacher - temporary (including head of department) | 41 | 12 | 30 | 14 | 35050 | 48000 | 64130 | 11 | 54500 |
| Teacher - temporary | 41 | 14 | 30 | 12 | 38000 | 49624 | 65477 | 10 | 54542 |
| EDUCATION OCCUPATIONS N.E.C. | 46 | 17 | 35 | 13 | 90972 | 113000 | 198960 | 12 | 131958 |
| HUMANITIES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 33 | 10 | 42 | 1066 | 72000 | 120830 | 216000 | 1022 | 182142 |
| LEGAL OCCUPATIONS | 31 | 5 | 43 | 150 | 48000 | 75500 | 130500 | 139 | 94300 |
| Attorney | 31 | 6 | 45 | 67 | 60000 | 88620 | 120000 | 61 | 93120 |
| Attorney clerk (articled) | 26 | 2 | 39 | 41 | 25000 | 36000 | 60000 | 35 | 42200 |
| Legal occupations n.e.c. | 37 | 13 | 43 | 39 | 84000 | 150000 | 240000 | 40 | 222686 |
| RELIGIOUS OCCUPATIONS | 45 | 20 | 51 | 93 | 48420 | 75000 | 108000 | 85 | 122350 |
| Minister, priest, chaplain | 46 | 20 | 53 | 75 | 55661 | 80000 | 109000 | 69 | 138000 |
| Religious, spiritual, youth worker | 32 | 7 | 40 | 10 | 31200 | 35442 | 49500 | 9 | 46344 |
| SOCIAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 36 | 11 | 40 | 62 | 47917 | 61495 | 88170 | 55 | 75830 |
| Social worker supervisor | 51 | 22 | 40 | 13 | 59722 | 79163 | 93180 | 10 | 97424 |
| Social worker | 37 | 11 | 40 | 29 | 46455 | 52074 | 66447 | 26 | 61814 |
| PERSONNEL AND MANAGEMENT SERVICES | 35 | 11 | 41 | 101 | 94500 | 130000 | 205860 | 96 | 201000 |
| Management consultant | 36 | 13 | 43 | 17 | 152600 | 249900 | 382787 | 15 | 346240 |
| Public relations occupations | 29 | 5 | 42 | 10 | 54000 | 115002 | 150000 | 9 | 145304 |
| HR development occupations | 35 | 11 | 40 | 20 | 72000 | 96028 | 120000 | 19 | 122060 |
| HR / B137personnel officer, consultant | 35 | 11 | 42 | 41 | 95200 | 129030 | 188509 | 41 | 197908 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  | A = Median age |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)
EMPLOYEES: PRIVATE SECTOR

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL OCCUPATIONS | 32 | 9 | 40 | 506 | 96225 | 155500 | 240000 | 497 | 220450 |
| Chartered accountant | 34 | 10 | 45 | 128 | 190205 | 259000 | 416875 | 131 | 353141 |
| Accountant (not CA) | 34 | 11 | 40 | 193 | 96557 | 130000 | 184500 | 185 | 169000 |
| Auditor | 31 | 7 | 40 | 61 | 104042 | 170000 | 210000 | 59 | 236300 |
| Articled clerk with accountant / Auditor | 26 | 2 | 40 | 54 | 42900 | 60000 | 81600 | 51 | 67645 |
| Accounting and financial n.e.c. | 34 | 10 | 40 | 70 | 105098 | 165300 | 265000 | 71 | 244000 |
| ECONOMIC OCCUPATIONS | 33 | 10 | 44 | 135 | 126000 | 205397 | 329361 | 132 | 282516 |
| Economist | 39 | 13 | 40 | 14 | 202050 | 242006 | 281250 | 14 | 280966 |
| Economic occupations n.e.c. | 32 | 9 | 44 | 121 | 120000 | 200000 | 332500 | 118 | 283350 |
| HUMANITIES AND RELATED N.E.C. | 31 | 7 | 40 | 19 | 53340 | 75420 | 103500 | 18 | 101750 |
| ART, SPORT AND ENTERTAINMENT OCCUPATIONS | 31 | 8 | 40 | 28 | 54113 | 103800 | 165000 | 25 | 130834 |
| AUTHOR AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 31 | 10 | 40 | 20 | 87000 | 126000 | 177130 | 18 | 148417 |
| Editor | 31 | 8 | 35 | 11 | 84000 | 108000 | 168520 | 9 | 130472 |
| MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS | 42 | 18 | 45 | 1031 | 156000 | 230000 | 338000 | 1013 | 330800 |
| TOP MANAGEMENT | 46 | 24 | 50 | 223 | 252000 | 350000 | 460000 | 224 | 503000 |
| General manager | 47 | 24 | 50 | 111 | 257100 | 349000 | 420000 | 108 | 493400 |
| Assistant general manager | 43 | 17 | 50 | 13 | 224420 | 281818 | 399000 | 14 | 413733 |
| Chief executive or CEO, managing director | 50 | 26 | 50 | 64 | 300000 | 412300 | 572000 | 66 | 633200 |
| Banker | 44 | 22 | 48 | 26 | 222501 | 294000 | 365000 | 27 | 360000 |
| DIRECTOR: ADMINISTRATIVE AND RELATED | 46 | 24 | 47 | 82 | 216900 | 325739 | 414075 | 76 | 489637 |
| Director: Financial | 46 | 25 | 48 | 42 | 276000 | 347810 | 444000 | 42 | 516900 |
| Director: Sales | 40 | 17 | 47 | 12 | 188510 | 325000 | 378750 | 9 | 495000 |
| OCCUPATION | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
|  | MEDIAN |  |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified |  |  |  | A = Median age |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median | $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE3 (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEES: PRIVATESECTOR


[^0]TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| NGO director | 42 | 15 | 45 | 13 | 57750 | 90000 | 190000 | 11 | 159000 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS (managerial level) | 37 | 9 | 46 | 20 | 89386 | 143202 | 200500 | 18 | 181023 |
| CLERICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS | 29 | 6 | 40 | 137 | 33714 | 52800 | 72000 | 125 | 62489 |
| Administrative officer | 32 | 8 | 38 | 25 | 51849 | 70322 | 100700 | 24 | 91160 |
| Administrative assistant, clerk | 29 | 4 | 40 | 29 | 29364 | 33000 | 56700 | 24 | 49316 |
| Financial clerk, bookkeeper | 32 | 7 | 40 | 30 | 35250 | 55558 | 71043 | 26 | 66052 |
| Secretary, Personal assistant | 33 | 9 | 37 | 24 | 48000 | 57000 | 79323 | 22 | 71475 |
| Receptionist, information clerk | 27 | 3 | 42 | 17 | 24000 | 36000 | 61000 | 17 | 37297 |
| SALES OCCUPATIONS | 33 | 9 | 40 | 120 | 61000 | 115920 | 180000 | 110 | 165910 |
| Salesperson | 37 | 10 | 43 | 14 | 25800 | 46200 | 137850 | 12 | 73550 |
| Insurance broker or consultant | 35 | 9 | 40 | 20 | 59400 | 138000 | 184350 | 20 | 222571 |
| Sales representative | 33 | 10 | 42 | 30 | 70000 | 105500 | 181750 | 28 | 192480 |
| Medical representative | 27 | 2 | 39 | 14 | 69600 | 96000 | 116400 | 13 | 153250 |
| FARM MANAGER | 31 | 8 | 50 | 11 | 50000 | 72000 | 120000 | 10 | 122400 |
| TOTAL | 36 | 12 | 42 | 3639 | 89600 | 150000 | 241800 | 3479 | 221000 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified <br> $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week <br> $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{A}=$ Median age |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience |  |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE4
MEDIAN INCOME OF FULL TIME SELF-EMPLOYED GRADUATES, ACCORDING TO OCCUPATION

| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| ENGINEER, ARCHITECT AND RELATED | 49 | 25 | 44 | 275 | 120000 | 200000 | 300000 | 297 | 250000 |
| ENGINEER | 50 | 25 | 45 | 142 | 167250 | 240000 | 339300 | 152 | 311000 |
| Electrical engineer and related | 51 | 26 | 46 | 28 | 145500 | 250000 | 300000 | 28 | 310650 |
| Electrical engineer | 51 | 26 | 46 | 28 | 145500 | 250000 | 300000 | 28 | 310650 |
| Mechanical engineer | 45 | 23 | 47 | 18 | 120750 | 186900 | 295000 | 19 | 270000 |
| Civil engineer | 50 | 26 | 45 | 77 | 178386 | 250000 | 355000 | 86 | 334000 |
| ARCHITECT AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS | 49 | 25 | 42 | 133 | 120000 | 160000 | 238750 | 145 | 191000 |
| Architect | 52 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 90000 | 150000 | 220000 | 67 | 180000 |
| Quantity surveyor | 49 | 28 | 43 | 36 | 150000 | 207500 | 300000 | 42 | 212500 |
| Town and regional planner | 44 | 19 | 39 | 16 | 120000 | 150000 | 195000 | 17 | 200000 |
| Land surveyor | 51 | 30 | 44 | 16 | 105000 | 135000 | 195000 | 16 | 150000 |
| NATURAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 42 | 19 | 43 | 85 | 120000 | 216000 | 335000 | 87 | 260000 |
| GEOLOGICAL SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 52 | 28 | 40 | 15 | 90000 | 160000 | 283200 | 16 | 245000 |
| Geologist | 52 | 28 | 40 | 15 | 90000 | 160000 | 283200 | 16 | 245000 |
| COMPUTER SCIENCE OCCUPATIONS | 39 | 16 | 40 | 45 | 147000 | 250000 | 360000 | 45 | 290000 |
| Computer science occupations n.e.c. | 39 | 16 | 39 | 37 | 150000 | 250000 | 380000 | 37 | 300000 |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FOOD SCIENCE | 43 | 21 | 48 | 14 | 123000 | 250000 | 362500 | 15 | 300000 |
| Agricultural advisor, Extension officer | 43 | 21 | 48 | 14 | 123000 | 250000 | 362500 | 15 | 300000 |
| MEDICAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS | 48 | 22 | 48 | 585 | 120000 | 196158 | 300000 | 620 | 239250 |
| MEDICAL OCCUPATIONS | 49 | 23 | 52 | 343 | 145000 | 240000 | 360000 | 360 | 300000 |
| Medical practitioner | 49 | 22 | 52 | 194 | 120000 | 200000 | 300000 | 203 | 216000 |
| Medical specialist | 50 | 24 | 52 | 148 | 200000 | 300000 | 500000 | 156 | 381000 |
| DENTAL OCCUPATIONS | 46 | 20 | 40 | 55 | 120000 | 175000 | 250000 | 61 | 220000 |
| Dentist | 46 | 20 | 40 | 54 | 127500 | 177500 | 250000 | 60 | 230000 |
|  | A | E | H | N | 25 P | Me | 75 P | N | Me |
| OCCUPATION | MEDIAN |  |  |  | BASIC SALARY |  |  | PACKAGE |  |
| $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based |  | n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified |  |  |  |  | A = Median age |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}=$ Median y ears experience |  | $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{Median}$ hours worked per week |  |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25 |  |
| $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median |  | $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE 4 (CONTINUED)



## TABLE 4 (CONTINUED)

SELF-EMPLOYED


## INDEX: ALPHABETICAL LIST OF OCCUPATIONS

| OCCUPATION |  | TABLE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Self-employed |
|  | sector | sector | sector |
|  | Page | Page | Page |
| A |  |  |  |
| Accountant (not CA) | 13 | 18 | 22 |
| Accounting and financial n.e.c. | 13 | 18 | 22 |
| Actuary | - | 15 | - |
| Administrative assistant, clerk | 14 | 20 | - |
| Administrative officer | 14 | 20 | - |
| Advocate | - | - | 22 |
| Agricultural advisor, Extension officer | - | - | 21 |
| Agricultural occupations | 11 | 16 | - |
| Agricultural technician | 11 | - | - |
| Agriculturist | 11 | 16 | - |
| Architect | 10 | 15 | 21 |
| Articled clerk with accountant / auditor | - | 18 | - |
| Assistant director | 14 | - | - |
| Assistant general manager | - | 18 | - |
| Attorney | 13 | 17 | 22 |
| Attorney clerk (articled) | - | 17 | - |
| Auditor | 13 | 18 | 22 |
| B |  |  |  |
| Banker | - | 18 | - |
| Bookkeeper, financial clerk | - | 20 | - |
| Botanist | 10 | - | - |

## OCCUPATION

TABLE

Business manager
C

| Chaplain, minister, priest | - | 17 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chartered accountant | 13 | 18 | 22 |
| Chemical engineer | - | 15 | - |
| Chemist | 10 | 16 | - |
| Chief executive or CEO, managing director | - | 18 | 23 |
| Chief or executive director | 14 | - | - |
| Civil engineer | 10 | 15 | 21 |
| Clerk, administrative assistant | 14 | 20 | - |
| Clinical assistant | 11 | - | - |
| Computer analyst and computer systems programmer | - | 15 | - |
| Computer programmer | - | 15 | - |
| Computer science occupations n.e.c. | 10 | 15 | 21 |
| Computer systems analyst | - | 15 | - |
| Computer systems analyst and related | - | 15 | - |
| Computer systems programmer and computer analyst | - | 15 | - |
| Consultant or insurance broker | - | 20 | 23 |
| D |  |  |  |
| Dean / Head of faculty | 12 | - | - |
| Defence occupations | 14 | - | - |
| Dentist | - | - | 21 |
| Deputy director | 14 | - | - |
| Dietician | 11 | 16 | - |

## OCCUPATION

## TABLE

2

| Public | Private | Self-employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sector | sector | sector |
| Page | Page | Page |
| 14 | - | - |
| 14 | - | - |
| - | 18 | - |
| - | 19 | - |
| - | 18 | - |

Divisional / Section manager E

Economic occupations n.e.c. -
Economist 13
Economist and related occupations13

Economist n.e.c. 13
Editor
Education specialist
Educational advisor / Consultant
Educational officer
Electrical engineer
Electrical engineer and related
Environmental scientist
Estate agent
Extension officer, agricultural advisor F

Farm manager 20

Farmer - -
Financial clerk, bookkeeper
3
Private
sector
 19
Director
Director/Deputy/Assistant director
Director: Financial
Director: Industrial, technical
Director: Sales
-21Electrical engineer and related1010---20

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Self-employed sector

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## OCCUPATION

|  | RABLE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Public | Private | Self-employed |
| sector | sector | sector |
| Page | Page | Page |

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3
sector Page

G

| General manager | - |
| :--- | ---: |
| General medical practitioner | 11 |
| Geologist | 10 |
| H | 14 |
| Hospital director / superintendent | 13 |
| HR development occupations | 13 |
| HR/personnel officer, consultant | 13 |
| Human sciences researcher | - |
| I | - |
| Industrial engineer | 13 |
| Information clerk / Receptionist | 12 |
| Information officer / Librarian | - |
| Inspector / Superintendent of education | - |
| Insurance broker or consultant | 12 |
| L | 12 |
| Land surveyor | 12 |
| Lecturer (teachers training college) | 12 |
| Lecturer (university, technikon) | 12 |
| Lecturer (university, technikon) - permanent | 13 |H

Hospital director / superintendent 14
13

Human sciences researcher 13

Industrial engineer -15
Information clerk / Receptionist

Inspector / Superintendent of education
Insurance broker or consultant
L

Lecturer (teachers training college) 12
Lecturer (university, technikon) 12
Lecturer (university, technikon) - permanent

Legal occupations n.e.c. 13

18

15
-
-
-

17
17

15
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## OCCUPATION

2

| Public | Private | Self-employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sector | sector | sector |
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## TABLE

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Self-employed sector

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Librarian / Information officer
13
M

| Magistrate | 13 | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Management consultant | - | 17 |
| Manager | - | 19 |
| Manager: Administrative | - | 19 |
| Manager: Building and construction | - | 19 |
| Manager: Engineering | - | 19 |
| Manager: Financial and related | 14 | 19 |
| Manager: General | - | 19 |
| Manager: Human resources | 14 | 19 |
| Manager: Industrial, technical | - | 19 |
| Manager: Information Technology | - | 19 |
| Manager: Marketing, customer service | - | 19 |
| Manager: Property, insurance | - | 19 |
| Manager: Purchases | - | 19 |
| Manager: Research and development | - | 19 |
| Manager: Sales | 10 | 19 |
| Mechanical engineer | - | 19 |
| Medical practitioner | - | 15 |
| Medical representative | - | 16 |
| Medical specialist | - | 20 |
| Metallurgical engineer | 16 |  |
| Mining engineer | 15 |  |

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19 -
19 -

- 21
- 21
6 21

Metallurgical engineer

## OCCUPATION

|  | Public <br> sector <br> Page <br> N |
| :--- | ---: |
| Minister, priest, chaplain | - |
| Nat. Defence Force (Captain and lower) | - |
| Network specialist or administrator | 14 |
| NGO director | - |
| Nurse: Professional | - |
| Nursing administrator | 11 |
| Nursing tutor | 11 |
| O | 11 |
| O and M officer | - |
| Operations manager | - |
| Optometrist | - |
| P | - |
| Personal assistant / Secretary | - |
| Personnel / HR officer, consultant | 13 |
| Pharmacist | 11 |
| Physicist | 10 |
| Physiotherapist | 12 |
| Police officer | 12 |
| Police officer (Captain and lower) | 12 |
| Priest / Chaplain / Minister | 14 |
| Principal (school, technical college, etc.) | 12 |
| Principal (Teacher training college) | 14 |
| Principal / Vice-principal (school, technical college) | - |

Minister, priest, chaplain

Nat. Defence Force (Captain and lower)

NGO director

Nursing administrator 11
Nursing tutor


O and M officer
Operations manager
Optometrist -

Personal assistant / Secretary
Personnel / HR officer, consultant
Pharmacist .

Physicist 10
$\longrightarrow$

Police officer (Captain and lower)
Priest / Chaplain / Minister

Principal (Teacher training college)

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Private
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Self-employed sector
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| Public | Private | Self-employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sector | sector | sector |
| Page | Page | Page |
| 12 | - | - |
| - | 19 | - |
| 11 | 16 | - |
| - | 19 | - |
| 13 | - | 22 |
| 13 | - | - |
| 13 | 17 | - |
|  | 15 | 21 |

## OCCUPATION

2

R
Receptionist, information clerk
Regional / area manager
Religious, spiritual, youth worker
S
Sales representative - 20
Salesperson
Secretary, personal assistant
Social worker
Social worker supervisor
Spiritual / youth / religious worker
Statistician
Superintendent / Director: Hospital
Superintendent / Inspector of education
TABLE
ector
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Production manager-1917-2020201717
17101412

4
Self-employed sector

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## OCCUPATION

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sector
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Private
sector
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Self-employed sector
Page

T

| Teacher - permanent | 12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Teacher - permanent (including head of department) | 12 |
| Teacher - temporary | 12 |
| Teacher - temporary (including head of department) | 12 |
| Technical manager |  |
| Town and regional planner | 10 |
| Town clerk or treasurer | 1 |
| Treasurer or town clerk | 14 |
| V |  |
| Veterinary surgeon | 11 |
| W |  |
| Work study officer |  |
| Working proprietor (Catering, accommodation) |  |
| Working proprietor (Other) |  |
| Working proprietor (Trade) |  |
| Y |  |
| Youth / religious / spiritual worker |  |
| Z |  |12Teacher - permanent (including head of department)12Teacher - temporary (including head of department)12Town and regional plannerTreasurer or town clerk14

VVeterinary surgeon11
1622
Work study officer ..... 22
23Working proprietor (Other)Working proprietor (Trade)-Z
Zoologist10


[^0]:    $\mathrm{N}=$ Number of people in category on which median income is based n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified $\quad \mathrm{A}=\mathrm{Median}$ age
    $\mathrm{E}=$ Median years experience
    $\mathrm{H}=$ Median hours worked per week $25 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 25
    $\mathrm{Me}=$ Median
    $75 \mathrm{P}=$ Percentile value of 75

